Bible Training Institute

To proactively accelerate the spiritual growth of Grace Bible Church for the purpose of knowing God more intimately and becoming more effective servants of God in the world

1

Eschatology 3

Resurrections and Judgments Individual Eschatology

2

3

2

The Progressive Revelation of Resurrection

- The resurrection was taught in general terms in the OT–Job 19:25-26; Exod 3:6; Ps 16:10-11; Isaiah 26:19; Dan 12:1-2.
- Christ amplified the understanding of the resurrection–John 5:28-29
- Christ demonstrated resurrection–1 Cor 15:20
- Doctrine of the resurrection explained in detail by the Apostle Paul–1 Cor 15:12-58; 1 Thess 4:13-17

The Order of Resurrection

- 1. Christ, the Firstfruits-1 Cor 15:20
- 2. Those who belong to Christ at his coming-1 Cor 15:23
- 3. Two witnesses in the Tribulation-Rev 11:11-12
- 4. OT Saints at end of Tribulation–Dan 12:1-2
- 5. Tribulation Martyrs at end of Tribulation-Rev 20:4

4

6

6. The Wicked-Rev 20:11-14

4

The Order of Resurrection

- The Wicked–Rev 20:11-14 (con'd)

 <u>Time</u>-end of the Millennium (Rev 20:5) at Great White Throne Judgment
 - Names-

 - Resurrection of the unjust–Acts 24:15
 Resurrection of judgment" John 5:29
 Persons involved–all the unsaved people of all of human
 history–Rev 20:10-15
 - Results:
 - Unsaved judged according to works–Rev 20:12-13 Constitutes the "second death"

 - Spiritual death is continued and made permanent. Physical death is repeated and made permanent (BUT– possible use of resurrection body to experience judgment)
 - First death-cast into hades at physical death; Second death-cast into the Lake of Fire after the resurrection and judgment

5

Resurrection Body of the Saints

☑ Patterned after Christ's body–Phil 3:21; 1 John 3:2; 1 Cor 15:49 Genuine body–Luke 24:39-41 Related somehow to your current body-1 Cor 15:36-38; Job 19:25-26 ☑Incorruptible and glorious–1 Cor 15:42-43 ☑A spiritual body–1 Cor 15:44

Judgments

- Nature of Judgment
 - PURPOSE: Reveal the works of the individual and reward him accordingly, not to determine one's destiny (this is already determined by the time judgment occurs)
 - Jesus Christ is the judge
 In a general sense, God is the judge of all–Heb 12:23
 - The mediating judge in the final judgments is Jesus Christ–John 5:22

7

General Judgment View

- No separate believer's judgment–just one resurrection and judgment at the Second Coming
- SO: Judgment seat of Christ (2 Cor 5:10), Judgment Seat of God (Rom 14:10), are both the same at the Great White Throne Judgment (Rev 20:11-15)
- Supported by John 5:28-29–BUT note the use of "hour" in John 4:21-23
- Supported by Sheep/Goat judgment (Matt 25)–BUT note the location differences between Matt 25 and Rev 20.

8

CONCLUSION: <u>Multiple Judgments</u>

8

Eschatological Judgments

- The Judgment Seat of Christ–Rom 14:10-12; 1 Cor 3:10 - 4:5; 2 Cor 5:1 - 10
- > Judgment of Tribulation Saints-Rev 20:4-6
- ➤ Judgment of OT Saints–Dan 12:1-2
- > Judgment of Living Israel -
 - ✓ National Revival--Zech 12:10
 - ✓ Judgment in the Wilderness–Ezek 20:33-38
 - ✓ Rebellious Jews separated and killed while 1/3 survive the Tribulation and judgment (Zech 13:8-9)
 - ✓ Believing Jews illustrated by five virgins of Matt 25

Eschatological Judgments (con'd)

- Judgment of Gentile Nations–Joel 3:1-2; Matt 25:31-46 (Sheep/Goat)
- Judgment of Satan and Fallen Angels–Rev 12:7-9; Rev 20:1-3; 7-10
- Great White Throne Judgment of All Wicked–Rev 20:11-15
- > Judgment of the Heavens and Earth–2 Peter 3:10

10

11

> NOTE: Order of the last two is debatable

10

Individual Eschatology (Brief Summary)

➤Nature of Death

- ✓ Separation–Gen 35:18; Luke 23:46; Acts 7:59; James 2:26
- \checkmark Three kinds of death
 - 1. Spiritual death–Eph 2:1ff
 - 2. Physical death–James 2:26
 - 3. Eternal death-Rev 20:14

Significance of Death	
To Old Covenant Saints	To New Covenant Saints
Dreadful experience–Isaiah 38:10; Job 10:20-222; Heb 2:14-15	No longer feared–Rom 8:2; 1 Cor 15:53-57
Fear of death somewhat alleviated by initial revelation of resurrection– Job 19:25-26; Isaiah 26:19; Dan 12:1-2	Means of entering the presence of Christ–2 Cor 5:8
Looked forward to eternal life after resurrection–Heb 11:16	Christ's example gives confidence–1 Cor 15:20
	Mystery/difficulty softened by biblical pictures: "sleep"–1 Cor 15:51; "Taking down a tent"–2 Cor 5:1; "coming home"–2 Cor 5:6-8
	Death is not inevitable–1 Cor 15:51- 52



Intermediate State

- Definition: Conscious existence of the godly/ungodly between physical death and resurrection
- ➢ Biblical Terms
 - ➤ Sheol–65x in OT
 - ≻ Hades–10-11x in NT
 - Sheol/Hades defined basically the same way–Ps 16:10; Acts 2:27, 31
 - Other terms: Abraham's Bosom/Side (Luke 16:22); Paradise (Luke 23:43); Lowest Sheol (Deut 32:22); Heaven
 - 1. First heaven-Gen 7:11-12
 - 2. Second heaven-Gen 1:14-17
 - 3. Third heaven -2 Cor 12:2 (where God dwells)

13

Intermediate State (con'd)

- Intermediate State of the Believer
 - \checkmark Nothing can separate from Christ–Rom 8:38-39
 - ✓ Death brings them immediately to Christ's presence–2 Cor 5:6-8; Phil 1:21-23
 - \checkmark Intermediate state is preferable to this life–Phil 1:23
 - ✓ State of resting (not inactivity)–Rev 14:13
 - ✓ State of incompleteness, awaiting resurrection-1 Thess 4:16-17)
 - ✓ Rewards not yet distributed-2 Tim 4:8
 - ✓ May or may not have an intermediate body–Moses/Elijah at transfiguration; Luke 16?

14

Intermediate State (con'd)

- Intermediate State of the unbeliever
 Sheol or Hades (sometimes translated Hell) is a place of
 - present torment–Luke 16:23 ■ Includes unmet desires, pain, infinite despair, memory ✓ In the future, Sheol/Hades will be placed in the Lake of
 - Fire, which is clearly the place of eternal punishment– Rev 20:10ff

15

14